

Class I and Class II MHC Profiling for Social and Sexual Matching of Human Partners

Abstract

An improved process of matching people with one another, for social and/or sexual purposes, based on the profiles of the participants' Class I and Class II MHC genes. The quality of this human matching is inversely proportional to the number of common alleles of said genetic profiles of the individuals. Higher quality matches of this type result in greater sexual attraction, more attractive physical odor, and offspring with more robust immune systems among matched participants.